DIATC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Adams County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors DIATC Metropolitan District Adams County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of DIATC Metropolitan District (District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of DIATC Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that,

individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other

records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information as listed in the table of contents does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

SCHILLING & Company, INC.

Highlands Ranch, Colorado September 12, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DIATC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 77,528
Cash and Investments - Restricted	5,376,841
Receivable - County Treasurer	11,442
Property Taxes Receivable	2,382,061
Prepaid Expenses	7,668
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	15,986,160
Total Assets	23,841,700
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	25,665
Accrued Interest Payable	82,308
Noncurrent Liabilities:	,
Due Within One Year	265,000
Due in More Than One Year	21,436,695
Total Liabilities	21,809,668
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenues	2,382,061
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,382,061
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	8,400
Debt Service	1,493,832
Capital Projects	1,238,321
Unrestricted	(3,090,582)
Total Net Position	\$ (350,029)
ו טנמו זישו ד טאווטוז	φ (330,029)

DIATC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program R Opera Grants Contrib	ating and	Car Grant _Contrib	s and	(Exp C Ne Go	t Revenues benses) and change in et Position vernmental Activities
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs	\$ 155,717	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(155,717)
on Long-Term Debt	972,977			-		-		(972,977)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,128,694	\$-	\$	-	\$	-		(1,128,694)
GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income Construction Lease Revenue Total General Revenues								1,942,573 137,797 85,214 6,169 2,171,753
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION						1,043,059
Net Position - Beginning of Year							(1,393,088)	
	NET POSITION - E	END OF YEAR					\$	(350,029)

DIATC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 General	Debt Service			Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Fund
ASSETS Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Insurance	\$ 77,528 8,400 1,484 307,102 7,668	\$	- 3,190,932 9,958 2,074,959 -	\$	_ 2,177,509 _ _ _	\$	77,528 5,376,841 11,442 2,382,061 7,668
Total Assets	\$ 402,182	\$	5,275,849	\$	2,177,509	\$	7,855,540
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	\$ 21,665	\$	4,000	\$	-	\$	25,665
Total Liabilities	 21,665		4,000		-		25,665
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Property Taxes	307,102		2,074,959		_		2,382,061
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	307,102		2,074,959		-		2,382,061
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid Insurance Restricted for:	7,668		-		-		7,668
Emergency Reserves	8,400		-		-		8,400
Debt Service Capital Projects Unassigned	- - 57,347		3,196,890 - -		- 2,177,509 -		3,196,890 2,177,509 57,347
Total Fund Balances	 73,415		3,196,890	_	2,177,509		5,447,814
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 402,182	\$	5,275,849	\$	2,177,509		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds Payable Bonds Premium Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable Developer Advance Payable

Net Position of Governmental Activities

15,986,160

(20,580,000)

\$

(1,120,527)

(82,308)

(1,168) (350,029)

DIATC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Debt Service	Capital Projects		Go	Total overnmental Fund	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	252,026	\$	1,690,547	\$	-	\$	1,942,573
Specific Ownership Taxes		17,882		119,915		-		137,797
Interest Income		3,733		49,826		31,655		85,214
Construction Lease Revenue		6,169		-		-		6,169
Total Revenues		279,810		1,860,288		31,655		2,171,753
EXPENDITURES								
Administrative, Operations and Maintenance:								
Accounting		27,719		-		-		27,719
Audit		4,700		-		-		4,700
County Treasurer's Fees		3,786		25,347		-		29,133
Insurance and Dues		7,368		-		-		7,368
Election		2,746		-		-		2,746
Legal		30,249		-		-		30,249
Miscellaneous		84		-		-		84
District Management		20,457		-		-		20,457
Banking Fees		34		-		-		34
Operations and Maintenance		54,385		-		-		54,385
Debt Service:				4 000				4 000
Paying Agent Fees Bond Interest - Series 2019		-		4,000 987,700		-		4,000 987,700
Capital Projects:		-		907,700		-		907,700
Engineering - Costs Verification		_		_		4,189		4,189
Public Improvements				_		390,194		390,194
Total Expenditures		151,528		1,017,047		394,383		1,562,958
·				.,				.,,
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		128,282		843,241		(362,728)		608,795
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Developer Advance		-		-		390,194		390,194
Repay Developer Advance - Principal		(60,509)		-		(390,194)		(450,703)
Repay Developer Advance - Interest		(5,079)		-		(12,127)		(17,206)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(65,588)				(12,127)		(77,715)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		62,694		843,241		(374,855)		531,080
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		10,721		2,353,649		2,552,364		4,916,734
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	73,415	\$	3,196,890	\$	2,177,509	\$	5,447,814

DIATC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 531,080
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation/amortization expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capital Outlay - Current Year	390,194
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., Loans, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds record the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued as expenditures, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Developer Advance - Principal - Capital	(390,194)
Repayment of Developer Advance - Principal - Capital	390,194
Repayment of Developer Advance - Principal - Operations	60,509
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Amortization of Bond Premium	60,830
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance - Change in Liability	446
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,043,059

DIATC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	а	Original and Final Actual Budget Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	^	050 000	•	050 000	•	
Property Taxes	\$	252,000	\$	252,026	\$	26
Specific Ownership Taxes		17,640		17,882		242
Interest Income		50		3,733		3,683
Construction Lease Revenue		-		6,169		6,169
Total Revenues		269,690		279,810		10,120
EXPENDITURES						
General and Administrative:						
Accounting		27,500		27,719		(219)
Audit		5,000		4,700		300
County Treasurer's Fees		3,780		3,786		(6)
Insurance and Dues		5,000		7,368		(2,368)
Legal		22,000		30,249		(8,249)
Miscellaneous		3,671		84		3,587
Election		2,500		2,746		(246)
District Management		-		20,457		(20,457)
Banking Fees		-		34		(34)
Website		500		_		500
Operations and Maintenance:						
Landscaping		-		14,525		(14,525)
Streets Repairs and Maintenance		_		16,195		(16,195)
Street A & B (@ 7 Eleven)		10,000		-		10,000
F9 Detention Pond		2,500		_		2,500
F10 Detention Pond		10,000		_		10,000
F6 Trail		1,000		-		1,000
81st Avenue Entry		3,750		_		3,750
83rd Avenue Entry		3,750		_		3,750
Trash Clean Up		5,000		_		5,000
Utilities		10,000		15,095		(5,095)
Weed Control/Spraying		5,000		.0,000		5,000
Snow Plowing		20,000		3,125		16,875
Mowing - Perimeter Areas		10,000		-		10,000
Miscellaneous Maintenance		10,000		5,445		4,555
Total Expenditures		160,951		151,528		9,423
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER		,	-			-,
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		108,739		128,282		19,543
		106,739		120,202		19,545
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Repay Developer Advance - Principal		(61,719)		(60,509)		1,210
Repay Developer Advance - Interest		(5,330)		(5,079)		251
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(67,049)		(65,588)		1,461
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		41,690		62,694		21,004
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		23,286		10,721		(12,565)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	64,976	\$	73,415	\$	8,439

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

DIATC Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court in and for Adams County, Colorado on June 7, 2012, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The Service Plan of the District was approved by the City Council of the City of Commerce City, Colorado on December 19, 2011.

At a special election of the eligible electors of the District on May 8, 2012, a majority of those qualified to vote voted in favor of certain ballot questions authorizing the issuance of indebtedness and imposition of taxes for the payment thereof, for the purpose of providing financing for the acquisition, construction, installation, and completion of certain streets, parks and recreation, water, sanitation, transportation, mosquito control, safety protection, fire protection, and television relay and translation improvements.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has a single item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue* is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amortization

Bond Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, the bond premium is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the new bonds. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred cost is reflected as a liability.

<u>Equity</u>

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the board of directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 77,528
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 5,376,841
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 5,454,369

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 34,649
Investments	 5,419,720
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 5,454,369

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

On December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$34,649.

Investments

The District has adopted an investment policy by which it follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities of the World Bank
- . Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	
Trust (COLOTRUST) PRIME	Under 60 Days	\$ 5,419,720

<u>COLOTRUST</u>

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by Section 24-75-601.1, C.R.S., including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, and highest rated commercial paper.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by FitchRatings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in the District's capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	Balance - December 31, 2021		Additions		Redu	ctions	Balance - ecember 31, 2022
Capital Assets, Not Being							
Depreciated:							
Water Credits	\$	248,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 248,500
Land		2,023,750		-		-	2,023,750
Construction in Progress		13,323,716		390,194		-	 13,713,910
Total Capital Assets,							
Not Being Depreciated	\$	15,595,966	\$	390,194	\$		\$ 15,986,160

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance - December 31, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance - December 31, 2022	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable Series 2019 GO Bonds Series 2019 Bond Premium Subtotal of Bonds Payable	\$ 20,580,000 1,181,357 21,761,357	\$ - - -	\$- 60,830 -	\$ 20,580,000 <u>1,120,527</u> 21,700,527	\$ 265,000 - -
Other Debts Developer Advances: Operating Capital Accrued interest on Developer Advances:	60,509 1,168	- 390,194	60,509 390,194	- 1,168	-
Operating Capital	385 61	4,694 12,066	5,079 12,127	-	-
Subtotal of Other Debts	62,123	406,954	467,909	1,168	-
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 21,823,480	\$ 406,954	\$ 467,909	\$ 21,701,695	\$ 265,000

\$20,580,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2019 (2019 Bonds)

The District issued the 2019 Bonds on September 12, 2019, in the par amount of 20,580,000. Proceeds from the sale of the 2019 Bonds were/will be applied to: (i) pay, or reimburse the Developer for, the costs associated with the acquisition, construction, or installation of a portion of public improvements; (ii) refund the outstanding principal of and accrued interest due on a loan that the District entered into in order to finance and refinance certain public improvements in the District (the 2018 Loan), and pay the required prepayment fee in connection therewith; (iii) fund capitalized interest; (iv) fund the Reserve Fund in the amount of the Required Reserve; and (v) pay costs in connection with the issuance of the 2019 Bonds and the refunding of the 2018 Loan.

The 2019 Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.25% to 5.00% and are payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2019. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2023. The final maturity of the 2019 Bonds is December 1, 2049. To the extent principal of any 2019 Bond is not paid when due, such principal will remain outstanding until paid and continue to bear interest at the rate borne by the 2019 Bond. To the extent interest is not paid when due, such interest shall compound semiannually on each June 1 and December 1.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>\$20,580,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds.</u> Series 2019 (2019 Bonds) (Continued)

The 2019 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on September 1, 2024, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
Contemption 1, 2024, to Assess 24, 2025	2.000/
September 1, 2024, to August 31, 2025	3.00% 2.00%
September 1, 2025, to August 31, 2026 September 1, 2026, to August 31, 2027	1.00%
September 1, 2027, and thereafter	0.00%

The 2019 Bonds are secured by and payable solely from Pledged Revenue, net of any costs of collection, which is defined generally as: (i) the Required Mill Levy; (ii) the Capital Fees, if any; (iii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and (iv) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Pledged Revenue.

The District has covenanted to impose a Required Mill Levy in an amount sufficient, when combined with other legally available moneys in the Bond Fund and the Surplus Fund, to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the 2019 Bonds when due and to fund the Reserve Fund up to the Required Reserve, but (i) not in excess of 50 mills, and (ii) at any time the Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount, not less than 35 mills, or such lesser mill levy which, when combined with other legally available moneys then in the Bond Fund, will permit the District to pay the 2019 Bonds when due, to fund the Reserve Fund up to the Required Reserve, and to fund the Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount.

The 2019 Bonds are also secured by capitalized interest which was funded from proceeds of the 2019 Bonds in the amount of \$710,595; the Reserve Fund, which was funded in the amount of the Required Reserve of \$1,620,750 from proceeds of the 2019 Bonds; and by amounts on deposit in the Surplus Fund, if any, which was not funded as of the date of issuance of the 2019 Bonds.

Subject to the receipt of sufficient Pledged Revenue, the Reserve Fund is to be maintained in the amount of the Required Reserve for so long as any 2019 Bond is outstanding. If at any time the Reserve Fund is drawn upon or valued so that the amount of the Reserve Fund is less than the Required Reserve, the District is to deposit to the Reserve Fund amounts sufficient to bring the amount credited to the Reserve Fund to the Required Reserve. The balance in the Reserve Fund as of December 31, 2022, was \$1,633,294.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>\$20,580,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds.</u> Series 2019 (2019 Bonds) (Continued)

The Surplus Fund will be funded from deposits of annual Pledged Revenue in excess of that needed to pay annual debt service, if any, up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$2,058,000. Except to the extent Pledged Revenue is available, the District has no obligation to fund the Surplus Fund in any amount. The balance in the Surplus Fund as of December 31, 2022, was \$1,049,003.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 265,000	\$ 987,700	\$ 1,252,700
2024	295,000	979,087	1,274,087
2025	305,000	969,500	1,274,500
2026	345,000	959,588	1,304,588
2027	355,000	948,375	1,303,375
2028-2032	2,220,000	4,526,251	6,746,251
2033-2037	3,185,000	3,902,250	7,087,250
2038-2042	4,475,000	2,984,500	7,459,500
2043-2047	6,120,000	1,708,750	7,828,750
2048-2049	3,015,000	228,000	3,243,000
Total	\$ 20,580,000	\$ 18,194,001	\$ 38,774,001

Authorized Debt

At December 31, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Authorized May 8, 2012 Election	Authorization Used 2013	Authorization Used 2018 *	Authorization Used 2019	Remaining at December 31, 2022
Streets	\$ 40,500,000	\$ 1,058,333	\$ 2,176,345	\$ 6,587,131	\$ 30,678,191
Water	40,500,000	758,334	1,784,276	2,038,985	35,918,405
Sewer	40,500,000	-	4,303,038	2,348,602	33,848,360
Parks and Recreation	40,500,000	683,333	21,485	982,262	38,812,920
Public Transportation	40,500,000	-	-	-	40,500,000
Mosquito Control	40,500,000	-	-	-	40,500,000
Fire Protection	40,500,000	-	42,701	-	40,457,299
Television Relay	40,500,000	-	-	-	40,500,000
Traffic Safety	40,500,000	-	168,518	-	40,331,482
IGA	40,500,000	-	-	-	40,500,000
O&M	40,500,000	-	-	-	40,500,000
Refunding	40,500,000			8,623,020	31,876,980
Total	\$ 486,000,000	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 8,496,363	\$ 20,580,000	\$ 454,423,637

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$40,500,000.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt (Continued)

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area; however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuances is not determinable.

Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement

The District and DIATC, LLC (Original Developer) entered into a Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement (Original FFAA) on June 27, 2012. The Original FFAA was terminated pursuant to that certain Termination of Facilities Funding and Operation Funding Agreements (Termination Agreement) dated January 27, 2016 (effective December 31, 2015). Concurrently with the Termination Agreement, the District entered into a Facilities Funding Acquisition Agreement (FFAA) with DIA Tech Center, LLC (the Developer) on January 27, 2016 (effective December 31, 2015). Pursuant to the Termination Agreement, the Developer is entitled to reimbursement from the District for any advances made by the Original Developer under the Original FFAA.

Pursuant to the FFAA, the District and the Developer acknowledge that the District will incur construction related expenses in connection with the construction of certain public improvements in reliance upon the Developer's commitment to provide funding. In addition, the Developer has or will design, construct and complete certain improvements for District acquisition upon completion. To the extent that the public improvements are not designed. constructed, and completed by the Developer for the District's acquisition upon completion, the Developer shall advance funds to the District necessary to fund the construction related expenses up to \$20,000,000 including the aggregate amount of verified construction costs incurred by the Developer. In addition, the District shall reimburse the Developer for organization expenses incurred. Simple interest accrues on the organization expenses and construction related expense at a rate of 10% per annum until paid. For organizational expenses, simple interest shall accrue from the organizational date. For construction related expenses, simple interest shall accrue as follows: 1) on each Developer advance, from the date of deposit into the District's account, 2) on verified costs for amounts expenses by the Developer incurred prior to the organization date, from the organization date: 3) on verified costs for amounts expended by the Developer for improvement constructed after the organization date, from the date of verification.

As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances for capital related costs totaled \$1,168 and there was no outstanding accrued interest. There were no outstanding advances or accrued interest on organization costs.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Operation Funding Agreements (OFAs)

The District and the Original Developer entered into various operation funding agreements prior to 2016, including the 2012 Operation Funding Agreement, dated June 27, 2012, the 2013 Operation Funding Agreement, dated December 11, 2013, and the 2015 Operation Funding Agreement, dated December 11, 2013, and the 2015 Operation Funding Agreement, dated December 4, 2014, (collectively, the Original OFAs). The Original OFAs were terminated pursuant to the Termination Agreement. The Developer is entitled to reimbursement from the District for all the advances made by the Original Developer under the Original OFAs. Interest for advances made by the Original Developer under the Original OFAs shall accrue at 10% per annum.

On January 27, 2016 (effective December 31, 2015), the District and DIA Tech Center, LLC (Developer) entered into the 2016 Operation Funding Agreement (2016 OFA). The 2016 OFA provides for the Developer to advance funds for ongoing operations expenses incurred by the District through December 31, 2016 in an amount not to exceed \$43,000. The District agrees to repay any advances received from any funds available after the payment of its annual debt service obligations and annual operations and maintenance expenses, which repayment is subject to annual budget and appropriation. Interest shall accrue at 8% per annum. The 2016 OFA expires on December 31, 2056, unless terminated earlier by the mutual agreement of all parties. Any obligations of the Developer to advance funds under the 2016 OFA expired on March 31, 2017. Any obligation of the District to reimburse the Developer for any Developer Advance made pursuant to the 2016 OFA on or before December 31, 2055, any amount of principal and accrued interest outstanding on such date shall be deemed to be forever discharged and satisfied in full.

On December 1, 2016 (effective January 1, 2017), the District and the Developer entered into the 2017 Operation Funding Agreement (2017 OFA), as amended on December 7, 2017, on December 6, 2018, on December 4, 2020, on December 7, 2021 and on January 12, 2022. The 2017 OFA provides for the Developer to advance funds for ongoing operations expenses incurred by the District for fiscal years 2017 through 2022 in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$100,000 (Shortfall Amount). However, if the District requires additional advances above the shortfall amount, the District may request additional funding in writing. The District agrees to repay any advances received from any funds available after the payment of its annual debt service obligations and annual operations and maintenance expenses, which repayment is subject to annual budget and appropriation. Interest shall accrue at 8% per annum. The 2017 OFA expires on December 31, 2052, unless terminated earlier by the mutual agreement of the Parties. Any obligation of the Developer to advance funds will expire upon advance to the District of amounts sufficient to pay expenses incurred in 2017 through 2022, not to exceed the shortfall amount. Any obligation of the District to reimburse the Developer shall expire on December 31, 2052.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Operation Funding Agreements (OFAs) (Continued)

In the event the District has not reimbursed the Developer for any Developer advance made pursuant to this agreement on or before December 31, 2052, any amount of principal and accrued interest outstanding on such date shall be deemed to be forever discharged and satisfied in full.

As of December 31, 2022, there was no outstanding advances or accrued interest for operations.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Restricted Net Position:				
Emergency Reserves	\$	8,400		
Debt Service		1,493,832		
Capital Projects		1,238,321		
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	2,740,553		

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit is primarily due to interest paid on debts to date, and operating expenses paid by advances from Developer.

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS

Intergovernmental Agreement with Commerce City

On July 17, 2012, the District and Commerce City entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement. In the agreement, the District agrees to dedicate certain public improvements to the City as defined in the District's Service Plan. The City authorizes the District to provide operations and maintenance of landscape improvements and covenant enforcement services. Under this agreement, the District is not to apply for any Conservation Trust Funds, Great Outdoors Colorado Funds or any other funds available from or through governmental or nonprofit entities that the City is eligible to apply for except pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement with the City. This does not apply to specific ownership taxes.

The District shall not issue debt greater than \$40,500,000 and the maximum mill levy is 50 mills for debt service.

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Intergovernmental Agreement with Commerce City (Continued)

The District shall send an annual report to the City by August 1 of each year which includes any boundary changes, agreements with other governmental entities, list of all facilities and improvements constructed or acquired and those dedicated to the City as of December 31, audit or audit exemption report, notice of continuing disclosure for events of default and any inability of the District to pay its obligations.

Intergovernmental Agreement with ECAGID and South Adams County Water and Sanitation District

On May 20, 2013, the District, the ECAGID and the South Adams County Water & Sanitation District through its enterprise (SACWSD), entered into an IGA in which the District agrees to provide certain water and sanitation improvements with funding from the ECAGID. The ECAGID will be the owner of the improvements until the loan is repaid by the District (at which time the ECAGID will transfer ownership to the SACWSD). There was no activity related to this agreement in 2022.

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTIES

The property within the District is being developed by the Developer. During 2022, all of the members of the Board of Directors were officers or employees of, or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in matters involving the District. The District has entered into various funding agreements with the Developer as discussed in Note 5.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On May 8, 2012, the District's voters passed an election question to increase property taxes \$1,000,000, annually, without limitation of rate, to pay the District's operational and maintenance costs. Additionally, the District's electors also authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DIATC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Fin: F	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 1,689,856	\$	1,690,547	\$	691
Specific Ownership Taxes	118,290		119,915		1,625
Interest Income	750		49,826		49,076
Total Revenues	1,808,896	1	1,860,288		51,392
EXPENDITURES					
County Treasurer's Fees	25,348		25,347		1
Paying Agent Fees	4,000		4,000		-
Bond Interest - Series 2019	987,700		987,700		-
Contingency	8,093		-		8,093
Total Expenditures	 1,025,141		1,017,047		8,094
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	783,755		843,241		59,486
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 2,350,012		2,353,649		3,637
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,133,767	\$	3,196,890	\$	63,123

DIATC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	 Actual Amounts		ariance with inal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES				
Interest Income	\$ 350	\$ 31,655	\$	31,305
Total Revenues	350	31,655		31,305
EXPENDITURES				
Engineering - Costs Verification	20,000	4,189		15,811
Pubic Improvements	2,300,000	390,194		1,909,806
Contingency	 146,346	 -		146,346
Total Expenditures	 2,466,346	 394,383		2,071,963
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,465,996)	(362,728)		2,103,268
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Developer Advance	2,300,000	390,194		(1,909,806)
Repay Developer Advance - Principal	(2,300,000)	(390,194)		1,909,806
Repay Developer Advance - Interest	(75,000)	 (12,127)		62,873
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (75,000)	 (12,127)		62,873
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,540,996)	(374,855)		2,166,141
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 2,540,996	 2,552,364		11,368
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$ 2,177,509	\$	2,177,509

OTHER INFORMATION

DIATC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

	\$20,580,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2019 Dated September 12, 2019 Interest Rate 3.25%-5.00% Principal Due December 1 Interest Payable June 1 and December 1							
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2023	\$	265,000	\$	987,700	\$	1,252,700		
2024	Ŧ	295,000	Ŧ	979,087	Ŧ	1,274,087		
2025		305,000		969,500		1,274,500		
2026		345,000		959,588		1,304,588		
2027		355,000		948,375		1,303,375		
2028		390,000		936,838		1,326,838		
2029		405,000		924,163		1,329,163		
2030		445,000		911,000		1,356,000		
2031		465,000		888,750		1,353,750		
2032		515,000		865,500		1,380,500		
2033		545,000		839,750		1,384,750		
2034		600,000		812,500		1,412,500		
2035		630,000		782,500		1,412,500		
2036		690,000		751,000		1,441,000		
2037		720,000		716,500		1,436,500		
2038		785,000		680,500		1,465,500		
2039		825,000		641,250		1,466,250		
2040		900,000		600,000		1,500,000		
2041		945,000		555,000		1,500,000		
2042		1,020,000		507,750		1,527,750		
2043		1,075,000		456,750		1,531,750		
2044		1,155,000		403,000		1,558,000		
2045		1,215,000		345,250		1,560,250		
2046		1,305,000		284,500		1,589,500		
2047		1,370,000		219,250		1,589,250		
2048		1,470,000		150,750		1,620,750		
2049	-	1,545,000	<u> </u>	77,250	<u> </u>	1,622,250		
Total	\$	20,580,000	\$	18,194,001	\$	38,774,001		

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATION – ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GENERAL OBLIGATION LIMITED TAX REFUNDING AND IMPROVEMENT BONDS SERIES 2019

		Assessed Valu		essed Valuation and Mill Levies Mill Levies			
		Assessed val	lation			IVIIII Levies	
Levy/ Collection			Percent	Debt Se	nuico	Operations	
Year		Amount	Change	Mill L		Mill Levy	Total Levy
2022/2023	\$	41,499,170	22.79 %		50.000	7.500	
2022/2023	φ	33,797,130	46.65		50.000	7.500	
2020/2021		23,046,870	22.19		50.000	7.500	
2019/2020		18,862,100	90.39		50.000	7.500	
2018/2019		9,906,870	1591.72		50.000	5.000	
2017/2018		585,610	(0.16)		50.000	5.000	
2017/2010		505,010	(0.10)		30.000	0.000	
	. ,	Proper	ty Tax Collectio	ns in the Di	strict		
(Levy/ Collection	1	Taxes	2	Current 7	Гах	Collection
,	Year	1	Levie		Collectio		Rate
	2022/2023	2	\$ 2,382			,200 (1)	99.71%
			. ,	,			
	2021/2022		1,941		1,942		100.04
	2020/202		1,325		1,225		92.49
	2019/2020					,571	100.00
2	2018/2019	9		1,878		,878	100.00
					,		
	2017/2018			2,209			100.00
	2017/2018 2016/2017			2,209 5,194		,209 ,193	100.00 100.00
	2016/2017		35 Valuation of Cl	5,194 asses of Pro	35 operty in t	,193 he District Fotal	100.00 Percentage of
2	2016/2017 Asses	7 sed and "Actual"	35 <u>Valuation of Cl</u> "/	5,194 asses of Pro Actual"	35 operty in t As	,193 the District Fotal sessed	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed
2	2016/2017	7 sed and "Actual"	3t Valuation of Cl ", Va	5,194 asses of Pro Actual" aluation	35 operty in t As 	,193 he District Fotal	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
2	2016/2017 Asses	7 sed and "Actual"	3t Valuation of Cl ", Va	5,194 asses of Pro Actual"	35 operty in t As 	,193 the District Fotal sessed	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
2	2016/2017 Asses	7 sed and "Actual"	35 Valuation of Cl "/ Va \$	5,194 asses of Pro Actual" aluation	35 operty in t As Valu \$,193 he District Total sessed uation ⁽²⁾	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
2 I Vacant Land	2016/2017 Asses	7 sed and "Actual"	35 Valuation of Cl "/ Va \$	5,194 asses of Pro Actual" aluation 5,965,531	35 operty in t As Valu \$,193 he District Total sessed uation ⁽²⁾ 1,730,000	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 4.22 %
2 I Vacant Land Commercial State Assessed	2016/2017 Asses Property (7 sed and "Actual"	35 Valuation of Cl "/ Va \$	5,194 <u>asses of Pro</u> Actual" <u>aluation</u> 5,965,531 8,568,214	35 operty in t As Valu \$ 34	,193 the District Fotal sessed uation ⁽²⁾ 1,730,000 4,384,780 3,220	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 4.22 % 83.97
2 I Vacant Land Commercial	2016/2017 Asses Property (7 sed and "Actual"	35 Valuation of Cl "/ Va Va \$ 11	5,194 <u>asses of Pro</u> Actual" <u>aluation</u> 5,965,531 8,568,214	35 operty in t As Valu \$ 34	,193 he District Fotal sessed uation ⁽²⁾ 1,730,000 4,384,780	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 4.22 % 83.97 0.01
2 Vacant Land Commercial State Assessed Personal Property Total	2016/2017 Asses Property (7 sed and "Actual" Class	35 Valuation of Cl "/ Va \$ 11 <u>\$ 12</u>	5,194 <u>asses of Pro</u> <u>Actual</u> " <u>aluation</u> 5,965,531 8,568,214 11,126 - <u>4,544,871</u>	35 operty in t As Valu \$ 34 <u>\$ 40</u>	,193 the District Fotal sessed uation ⁽²⁾ 1,730,000 4,384,780 3,220 4,828,940 0,946,940	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 4.22 % 83.97 0.01 11.79 100.00 %
2 Vacant Land Commercial State Assessed Personal Property Total	2016/2017 Asses Property (7 sed and "Actual"	35 Valuation of Cl "/ Va \$ 11 <u>\$ 12</u>	5,194 <u>asses of Pro</u> <u>Actual</u> " <u>aluation</u> 5,965,531 8,568,214 11,126 - <u>4,544,871</u>	operty in t As Valu \$ 3 <u>\$ 40</u> in the Dis	,193 the District Fotal sessed uation ⁽²⁾ 1,730,000 4,384,780 3,220 4,828,940 0,946,940 strict - Debt Ot	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 4.22 % 83.97 0.01 11.79 100.00 %
2 Vacant Land Commercial State Assessed Personal Property Total	2016/2017 Asses Property (7 sed and "Actual" Class	35 Valuation of Cl "/ Va 11 <u>\$ 12</u> ation of Classes	5,194 asses of Pro Actual" aluation 5,965,531 8,568,214 11,126 - 4,544,871 of Property	35 operty in t As Valu \$ - 34 <u>\$ 40</u> in the Dis	,193 the District Total sessed Jation ⁽²⁾ 1,730,000 4,384,780 3,220 4,828,940 0,946,940 strict - Debt On Total	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 4.22 % 83.97 0.01 11.79 100.00 % nly Percentage of
2 Vacant Land Commercial State Assessed Personal Property Total Ass	2016/2017 Asses Property (sessed at	7 Sed and "Actual" Class nd "Actual" Valua	35 Valuation of Cl ", Va \ \ \ 11 <u>\$ 12</u> ation of Classes	5,194 asses of Pro Actual" aluation 5,965,531 8,568,214 11,126 - 4,544,871 of Property Actual"	35 operty in t As Valu \$ 34 <u>\$ 40</u> in the Dis	,193 he District Total sessed <u>Jation ⁽²⁾</u> 1,730,000 4,384,780 3,220 4,828,940 <u>0,946,940</u> strict - Debt Of Total sessed	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 4.22 % 83.97 0.01 11.79 100.00 % nly Percentage of Total Assessed
2 Vacant Land Commercial State Assessed Personal Property Total Ass	2016/2017 Asses Property (7 Sed and "Actual" Class nd "Actual" Valua	35 Valuation of Cl "/ Va Va 11 <u>\$ 12</u> ation of Classes "/ Va	5,194 asses of Pro Actual" aluation 5,965,531 8,568,214 11,126 - - 4,544,871 of Property Actual" aluation	35 operty in t As Valu \$ 40 in the Dis As Valu	,193 the District Fotal sessed uation ⁽²⁾ 1,730,000 4,384,780 3,220 4,828,940 0,946,940 strict - Debt Of Fotal sessed uation ⁽²⁾	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 4.22 % 83.97 0.01 11.79 100.00 % nly Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
2 Vacant Land Commercial State Assessed Personal Property Total Ass Vacant Land	2016/2017 Asses Property (sessed at	7 Sed and "Actual" Class nd "Actual" Valua	35 Valuation of Cl "/ Va Va 11 <u>\$ 12</u> ation of Classes "/ Va	5,194 asses of Pro Actual" aluation 5,965,531 8,568,214 11,126 - 4,544,871 of Property Actual" aluation 1,856,456	35 operty in t As Valu \$ 34 <u>\$ 40</u> in the Dis	,193 the District Fotal sessed Jation ⁽²⁾ 1,730,000 4,384,780 3,220 4,828,940 0,946,940 strict - Debt Ou Fotal sessed Jation ⁽²⁾ 538,370	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 4.22 % 83.97 0.01 11.79 100.00 % nly Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 97.49 %
2 Vacant Land Commercial State Assessed Personal Property Total Ass Vacant Land State Assessed	2016/2017 Asses Property (sessed at Property (7 Sed and "Actual" Class nd "Actual" Valua	35 Valuation of Cl "/ Va Va 11 <u>\$ 12</u> ation of Classes "/ Va	5,194 asses of Pro Actual" aluation 5,965,531 8,568,214 11,126 - - 4,544,871 of Property Actual" aluation	35 operty in t As Valu \$ 40 in the Dis As Valu	,193 the District Total sessed <u>Jation ⁽²⁾</u> 1,730,000 4,384,780 3,220 4,828,940 <u>0,946,940</u> strict - Debt Ou Total sessed <u>Jation ⁽²⁾</u> 538,370 240	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 4.22 % 83.97 0.01 11.79 100.00 % nly Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 97.49 % 0.04
2 Vacant Land Commercial State Assessed Personal Property Total Ass Vacant Land	2016/2017 Asses Property (sessed at Property (7 Sed and "Actual" Class nd "Actual" Valua	35 Valuation of Cl ", Va 11 <u>\$ 12</u> ation of Classes ", Va \$	5,194 asses of Pro Actual" aluation 5,965,531 8,568,214 11,126 - 4,544,871 of Property Actual" aluation 1,856,456	35 operty in t As Valu \$ 40 in the Dis As Valu	,193 the District Fotal sessed Jation ⁽²⁾ 1,730,000 4,384,780 3,220 4,828,940 0,946,940 strict - Debt Ou Fotal sessed Jation ⁽²⁾ 538,370	100.00 Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 4.22 % 83.97 0.01 11.79 100.00 % nly Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation 97.49 %

(1) Collections through July 2023

(2) The assessed valuation presented was certified as of November 2022.

Budget Summary and Comparison General Fund

	2021 Bu (As Amer		202	2 Budget		22 Actual naudited)
REVENUES	• · · -		•		•	
Property Taxes		9,902	\$	252,000	\$	252,026
Specific Ownership Taxes	1	1,634		17,640		17,882
Interest Income		100		50		3,733
Construction Lease Revenue		2,496		0		6,169
Total Revenues	184	4,132		269,690		279,810
EXPENDITURES						
General and Administrative:						
Accounting		5,000		27,500		27,719
Audit		4,700		5,000		4,700
County Treasurer's Fees		2,399		3,780		3,786
Insurance and Dues		4,231		5,000		7,368
Legal		0,000		22,000		30,249
Miscellaneous		1,870		3,671		84
Election		-		2,500		2,746
District Management		-		-		20,457
Banking Fees		-		-		34
Website		675		500		-
Contingency	1:	2,325		-		-
Operations and Maintenance:						
Landscaping		-		-		14,525
Streets Repairs and Maintenance		-		-		16,195
Street A & B (@ 7 Eleven)		-		10,000		-
F9 Detention Pond		-		2,500		-
F10 Detention Pond		_		10,000		_
F6 Trail		_		1,000		_
81st Avenue Entry		_		3,750		_
83rd Avenue Entry		_		3,750		-
Trash Clean Up	-	7,000		5,000		-
Utilities		1,800		10,000		15,095
Weed Control/Spraying		1,000		5,000		10,000
Snow Plowing		_		20,000		3,125
Mowing - Perimeter Areas		_		10,000		0,120
Miscellaneous Maintenance		_		10,000		5,445
Total Expenditures	8	0,000		160,951		151,528
		0,000		100,001		101,020
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER	10					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	104	4,132		108,739		128,282
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Developer Advance		1,168		-		-
Transfers from Other Funds		418		-		-
Repay Developer Advance - Principal	(109	9,216)		(61,719)		(60,509)
Repay Developer Advance - Interest		0,784)		(5,330)		(5,079)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(18	8,414)		(67,049)		(65,588)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(84	4,282)		41,690		62,694
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	9	5,243		23,286		10,721
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 10	0,961	\$	64,976	\$	73,415

Budget Summary and Comparison Debt Service Fund

	2021 Budget		2022 Budget		2022 Actual (Unaudited)	
REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income	\$	1,152,343 80,664 11,500	\$	1,689,856 118,290 750	\$	1,690,547 119,915 49,826
Total Revenues		1,244,507		1,808,896		1,860,288
EXPENDITURES						
County Treasurer's Fees Paying Agent Fees Bond Interest - Series 2019 Contingency		17,285 4,000 987,700 6,015		25,348 4,000 987,700 8,093		25,347 4,000 987,700
Total Expenditures		1,015,000		1,025,141		1,017,047
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		229,507		783,755		843,241
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		2,214,979		2,350,012		2,353,649
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,444,486	\$	3,133,767	\$	3,196,890

Budget Summary and Comparison Capital Projects Fund

	2021 Budget 2022 Budget		2022 Actual (Unaudited)
REVENUES			
Interest Income	\$ 6,700	\$ 350	\$ 31,655
Total Revenues	6,700	350	31,655
EXPENDITURES			
Engineering - Costs Verification	20,000	20,000	4,189
Pubic Improvements	2,673,569	2,300,000	390,194
Contingency	-	146,346	-
Total Expenditures	2,693,569	2,466,346	394,383
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,686,869)	(2,465,996)	(362,728)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Developer Advance	2,707,134	2,300,000	390,194
Repay Developer Advance - Principal	(2,673,569)	(2,300,000)	(390,194)
Repay Developer Advance - Interest	-	(75,000)	(12,127)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	33,565	(75,000)	(12,127)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,653,304)	(2,540,996)	(374,855)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,653,304	2,540,996	2,552,364
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	\$-	\$ 2,177,509